House File 2671 - Introduced HOUSE FILE BY T. OLSON, WISE, PETERSEN, OLDSON, H. MILLER, MASCHER, and JOCHUM

 Passed House, Date
 Date
 Passed Senate, Date

 Vote:
 Ayes
 Nays

 Approved
 Nays

 A BILL FOR 1 An Act relating to local government by modifying provisions related to franchise fees and by creating a pilot city program 3 to establish efficient growth, authorize revenue sources other than property taxes, and provide city property tax relief through property tax credits, and by providing tax credits for the redevelopment of underutilized properties and clarifying 5 6 the meaning of eligible business under the high job quality 8 creation program, including penalties and including effective 9 and applicability date provisions. 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 11 TLSB 6010YH 82 12 mg/sc/5PAG LIN 1 1 DIVISION I CITY FRANCHISE FEES

Section 1. Section 364.2, subsection 4, paragraph f, Code

Supplement 2007, is amended to read as follows: f. A franchise fee assessed by a city may be based upon a 6 percentage of gross revenues generated from sales of the 7 franchisee within the city not to exceed five percent, without 8 regard to the city's cost of inspecting, supervising, and 1 9 otherwise regulating the franchise. Franchise fees collected 1 10 may be credited to the city general fund and used for city 1 10 may be credited to the city general rand and percent of 111 general fund purposes. However, at least twenty percent of 11 has used for property tax relief. If 1 12 the fees collected shall be used for property tax relief. If 1 13 a city franchise fee is assessed to customers of a franchise, 1 14 the fee shall not be assessed to the city as a customer. 1 15 Before a city adopts or amends a franchise fee rate ordinance 16 or franchise ordinance to increase the percentage rate at 17 which franchise fees are assessed, a revenue purpose statement 18 shall be prepared specifying the purpose or purposes for which 19 the revenue collected from the increased rate will be 20 expended. If additional property tax relief is listed as a 21 purpose, the revenue purpose statement shall also include 22 information regarding the amount of the additional property 23 tax relief to be provided with revenue collected from the 24 increased rate. The revenue purpose statement shall be 1 25 published as provided in section 362.3.
1 26 Sec. 2. CERTAIN FRANCHISE FEES DECLARED LEGAL. To the
1 27 extent that any amount of franchise fees assessed by and paid

1 28 to a city prior to the effective date of this division of this 1 29 Act, pursuant to a franchise agreement between a city and any 1 30 person to erect, maintain, and operate plants and systems for 1 31 electric light and power, heating, telegraph, cable 1 32 television, district telegraph and alarm, motor bus, trolley 1 33 bus, street railway or other public transit, waterworks, or 1 34 gasworks, exceeds the city's reasonable costs of inspecting, 35 supervising, and otherwise regulating the franchise, such 1 amount is deemed and declared to be authorized and legally 2 assessed by and paid to the city. 2 Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being 4 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
5 DIVISION II 2 2 2

EFFICIENT GROWTH == ALTERNATIVE REVENUE SOURCES SUBCHAPTER I

EFFICIENT GROWTH

Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 385.1 EFFICIENT GROWTH == FINDINGS.

1. The general assembly finds that environmental, 2 10 2 11 financial, and social resources must be utilized efficiently

2 12 by cities so that future generations may share in their 2 13 benefits. For cities to be sustainable they must accomplish 2 14 all of the following:

Control the costs of government. a.

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- 2 16 b. Preserve rich and productive agricultural lands and 2 17 other natural resources.

 - c. Provide housing options for all residents.
 d. Recover the costs of providing public serv Recover the costs of providing public services.
- e. Promote the development and redevelopment of vacant or 2 21 underutilized lots within the city, including brownfield 2 22 sites.
- f. Create livable, walkable communities that are 2 24 attractive, vibrant, and engaging.
- g. Create integrated regional transportation systems that 26 provide residents with more than one viable transportation 2 27 option.
- 28 2. The general assembly further finds that the current 29 process of development subsidizes new construction in areas 2 30 where little public infrastructure or public services exist. 31 The costs to local governments for providing these services 32 are not easily or efficiently recovered by local governments. 33 States and cities throughout the country have created new 34 systems that improve the financial sustainability of the 35 development process through the recovery of costs, targeting 1 new developments toward vacant or underutilized sites within a 2 city, and ensuring that new development occurs concurrently 3 with infrastructure development.
 - NEW SECTION. 385.2 PILOT PROGRAM CITIES == Sec. 5. 5 DESIGNATION.
- 1. Except as limited in subsection 2, a city that meets 7 the requirements established in this subchapter with regard to 8 an efficient growth plan shall be designated a pilot city that 9 is authorized to impose taxes and fees specified in this 3 10 chapter.
- The total number of cities that may be designated 3 12 pilot cities equals ten cities except as follows:
- (1) Cities contiguous to each other may prepare and adopt 14 a joint efficient growth plan. These cities shall be 3 15 designated as one pilot city.
- (2) A city contiguous to another city or group of cities 3 17 that have been designated a pilot city may prepare and adopt 3 18 an efficient growth plan and may submit it to the pilot city 3 19 for consideration as an amendment to the pilot city's plan. 3 20 If the proposed amendment is approved by the governing body of 21 the pilot city or the governing body of each city in the case 3 22 of subparagraph (1), the city proposing the amendment shall be 3 23 included in the designation of pilot city.
- b. Of the total number of cities that may be designated 3 25 pilot cities, designations as pilot cities shall be reserved 3 26 as follows:
- (1) At least one city with a population of less than ten 28 thousand shall be designated a pilot city. This city shall 3 29 not be part of a group of cities as provided in paragraph "a", 3 30 subparagraph (1) or (2).
- At least one city with a population of at least ten (2) 3 32 thousand but not more than thirty=five thousand shall be 3 33 designated a pilot city. This city shall not be part of a 34 group of cities as provided in paragraph "a", subparagraph (1) 35 or (2).
 - Cities that are designated as one pilot city under 2 subsection 2, paragraph "a", subparagraph (1) or (2), may 3 independently of each other, impose taxes and fees specified 4 in this chapter.
- Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.3 EFFICIENT GROWTH PLAN.

 1. Before a city may impose the taxes and fees authorized in this chapter, the city shall prepare and adopt an efficient 8 growth plan. An efficient growth plan may be prepared and 4 9 adopted jointly with contiguous cities as authorized in 4 10 section 385.2, subsection 2, paragraph "a". With regard to 4 11 required elements of a joint plan, references to city means 4 12 all the cities participating in preparation of the joint plan.
- 2. An efficient growth plan shall contain, at a minimum, 4 14 all of the following elements:
- a. ISSUES AND OPPORTUNITIES ELEMENT. Background 4 15 16 information on the city and a statement of overall objectives, 4 17 policies, goals, and programs of the city to guide its future 4 18 development and redevelopment over a twenty=year planning 19 period. Background information shall include population, 20 number and size of households, and employment forecasts used 4 21 in developing its efficient growth plan, and demographic 4 22 trends, age distribution, educational levels, income levels,

4 23 and employment characteristics that exist within the city. b. HOUSING ELEMENT. A compilation of objectives, 4 25 policies, goals, maps, and programs of the city to provide an 4 26 adequate housing supply that meets existing and forecasted 4 27 housing demand in the city. The element shall assess the age, 4 28 structural value, and occupancy characteristics of the city's 4 29 housing stock.

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TRANSPORTATION ELEMENT. A compilation of objectives, 4 31 policies, goals, maps, and programs to guide the future 32 development of the various modes of transportation, including 33 highways, mass transit, transportation systems for persons 4 34 with disabilities, bicycles, walking, railroads, air 35 transportation, trucking, and water transportation.

d. UTILITIES AND COMMUNITY FACILITIES ELEMENT. compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs 3 to guide the future development of utilities and community 4 facilities in the city, such as sanitary sewer service, storm 5 water management, water supply, solid waste disposal, on=site 6 wastewater treatment technologies, recycling facilities, 7 telecommunications facilities, power generating plants, and 8 transmission lines, cemeteries, health care facilities, child 9 care facilities, and other public facilities.

AGRICULTURAL, NATURAL, AND CULTURAL RESOURCES ELEMENT. 11 A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and 12 programs for the conservation and effective management of 5 13 natural resources within the city and in areas adjacent to the 14 city, such as groundwater, forests, productive agricultural 15 areas, environmentally sensitive areas, threatened and 5 16 endangered species, stream corridors, surface water, 5 17 floodplains, wetlands, wildlife habitat, metallic and 5 18 nonmetallic mineral resources, parks, open spaces, historical 5 19 and cultural resources, community design, recreational 5 20 resources, and other agricultural, natural, and cultural 21 resources.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ELEMENT. A compilation of 5 23 objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs to promote the 24 stabilization, retention, or expansion of the economic base 5 25 and quality employment opportunities in the city, including an 5 26 analysis of the labor force and economic base of the city. 5 27 The element shall assess categories or particular types of new 28 businesses and industries that are desired by the city.
29 g. INTERGOVERNMENTAL COOPERATION ELEMENT. A compilation

5 30 of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs for joint 31 planning and decision making with other jurisdictions, 32 including school districts, counties, townships, and adjacent 5 33 cities, for siting and building public facilities and sharing 34 public services.

LAND USE ELEMENT. h. A compilation of objectives, 1 policies, goals, maps, and programs to guide the future 2 development and redevelopment of public and private property. 3 The element shall contain a listing of the amount, type, 4 intensity, and net density of existing uses of land in the 5 city, such as agricultural, residential, commercial, 6 industrial, and other public and private uses. The element 7 shall also include a series of maps that shows current land 8 uses and future land uses that indicate productive 9 agricultural soils; natural limitations for building site 6 10 development; floodplains, wetlands, and other environmentally 6 11 sensitive lands; the boundaries of areas to which services of 6 12 public utilities and community facilities will be provided in 6 13 the future; and the general location of future land uses by 6 14 density and other classifications.

IMPLEMENTATION ELEMENT. A compilation of programs and 6 16 specific actions to be completed in a stated sequence, 6 17 including proposed changes to any applicable zoning 6 18 ordinances, official maps, or subdivision ordinances, to 6 19 implement the objectives, policies, plans, and programs. The 6 20 element shall describe how each of the elements of the 6 21 efficient growth plan will be integrated and made consistent 6 22 with the other elements of the plan.

6 23 3. a. An efficient growth plan shall include areas 6 24 designated by the city as urban growth areas, based on the 6 25 elements in subsection 2. An urban growth area shall identify 6 26 territory, within or without the current boundaries of a city, that a reasonable and prudent person would project as the 6 28 likely site of commercial, industrial, or residential growth 6 29 over the next twenty years based on historical experience, 30 economic trends, population growth patterns, topographical 31 characteristics, and any professional planning, engineering, 6 32 and economic studies that are available. The city shall 6 33 report population growth projections for the city based upon

6 34 federal census data.

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b. The efficient growth plan shall also identify vacant or 6 35 1 underutilized lots or parcels of property within the city and 2 issues associated with transforming those vacant or 3 underutilized lots or parcels into feasible development areas.

4 4. Prior to the adoption of an efficient growth plan the 5 city shall hold a public hearing. Notice of the hearing shall 6 be published as provided in section 362.3. Prior to or at the 7 same time as notice of the hearing is published, a copy of a $\ensuremath{\mathtt{8}}$ preliminary draft of the efficient growth plan shall be made 7 9 available for review at the office of the city clerk.
7 10 Following the public hearing, the city council may adopt the

7 11 efficient growth plan as originally drafted, or as amended. 7 12 5. After adoption of the efficient growth plan, the 7 13 council shall amend the plan into the comprehensive plan of 7 14 the city prepared pursuant to section 414.3, and the 15 comprehensive plan, as amended, shall be the basis of zoning 7 16 regulations and restrictions adopted by the city and of zoning 7 17 districts created by the city pursuant to section 414.2.

18 6. A copy of the efficient growth plan adopted by the city 19 shall be filed in the office of city clerk and shall be 7 20 available to the public upon request. In addition, the city 21 clerk shall submit a copy of the efficient growth plan to the 22 city development board created in section 368.9, and the board 23 shall make the plan available to the public upon request. 24 Upon receipt of the copy of the efficient growth plan by the 25 board, the city shall become a designated pilot city, subject 26 to the limitations in section 385.2, subsection 2, on the 27 number of cities that may be designated a pilot city and the 28 reservation for certain sized cities. The board shall notify 29 the departments of management and revenue of the date and time 30 the board receives an efficient growth plan submitted by a 31 city.

SUBCHAPTER II CITY FRANCHISE FEES

Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.4 CITY FRANCHISE FEES.

1. A pilot city may assess by ordinance a franchise fee 1 based upon a percentage of gross revenues generated from sales 2 of the franchisee within the city not to exceed three percent. 3 The franchise fees assessed under this subchapter shall be in 4 addition to any franchise fees assessed pursuant to section 5 364.2, subsection 4, paragraph "f".

2. Franchise fees collected by the city under this subchapter shall be deposited and used as provided in subchapter VII.

SUBCHAPTER III HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX

Sec. 8. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.5 DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this subchapter, unless the context 8 13 otherwise requires:

1. "Department" means the department of revenue.

"Lessor" means any person engaged in the business of

8 16 renting lodging to users.
8 17 3. "Lodging" means rooms, apartments, or sleeping quarters 8 18 in a hotel, motel, inn, public lodging house, rooming house, 8 19 or manufactured or mobile home which is tangible personal 8 20 property, or in a tourist court, or in any place where
8 21 sleeping accommodations are furnished to transient guests for 8 22 rent, whether with or without meals.

4. "Person" means the same as the term is defined in 8 24 section 423.1.

5. "Renting" or "rent" means a transfer of possession or 8 26 control of lodging for a fixed or indeterminate term for 8 27 consideration and includes any kind of direct or indirect

8 28 charge for such lodging or its use. 8 29 6. "Sales price" means the consideration for renting of 8 30 lodging and means the same as the term is defined in section 8 31 423.1.

"User" means a person to whom lodging is rented. All other words and phrases used in this subchapter and 34 defined in section 423.1 have the meaning given them by 35 section 423.1 for the purposes of this subchapter.

NEW SECTION. 385.6 LOCALLY IMPOSED HOTEL AND Sec. 9. 2 MOTEL TAX.

A pilot city may impose by ordinance a hotel and motel tax, 4 at a rate not to exceed two percent, which shall be imposed in 5 increments of one or more full percentage points upon the 6 sales price from the renting of lodging. The tax shall apply only within the corporate boundaries of the pilot city.

A local hotel and motel tax shall be imposed on January 1 9 or July 1, following the notification of the director of

9 10 revenue. Once imposed, the tax shall remain in effect at the 9 11 rate imposed for a minimum of one year. A local hotel and 9 12 motel tax shall terminate only on June 30 or December 31. 9 13 least forty=five days prior to the tax being effective or 9 14 prior to a revision in the tax rate or prior to the repeal of 9 15 the tax, a city shall provide notice by mail of such action to 9 16 the director of revenue.

Imposition of the local hotel and motel tax under this 9 18 subchapter is in addition to any local hotel and motel tax 9 19 imposed pursuant to chapter 423A.

Sec. 10. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.7 EXEMPTIONS.

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There are exempted from the provisions of this subchapter 9 22 and from the computation of any amount of tax imposed by 23 section 385.6 all of the following:

- The sales price from the renting of lodging which is 9 25 rented by the same person for a period of more than thirty=one 9 26 consecutive days.
- 2. The sales price from the renting of sleeping rooms in 9 28 dormitories and in memorial unions at all universities and 9 29 colleges located in the state of Iowa.
- The sales price of lodging furnished to the guests of a 3. 9 31 religious institution if the property is exempt under section 32 427.1, subsection 8, and the purpose of renting is to provide 33 a place for a religious retreat or function and not a place for transient guests generally.

Sec. 11. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.8 ADMINISTRATION BY DIRECTOR. The director of revenue shall administer the local hotel and motel tax as nearly as possible in conjunction with the administration of the state sales tax law, except that portion 4 of the law which implements the streamlined sales and use tax 5 agreement. The director shall provide appropriate forms, or 6 provide space on the regular state tax forms, for reporting local hotel and motel tax liability. All moneys received or 8 refunded one hundred eighty days after the date on which a city terminates its local hotel and motel tax shall be 10 10 deposited in or withdrawn from the general fund of the state.

The director, in consultation with local officials, shall 10 12 collect and account for a local hotel and motel tax and shall 10 13 credit all revenues to the local hotel and motel tax fund 10 14 created in section 385.9. Local authorities shall not require

10 15 any tax permit not required by the director of revenue.
10 16 Section 422.25, subsection 4, sections 422.30, 422.67, 10 17 422.68, section 422.69, subsection 1, sections 422.70, 422.71, 10 18 422.72, 422.74, and 422.75, section 423.14, subsection 1, and 10 19 sections 423.23, 423.24, 423.25, 423.31, 423.33, 423.35, 10 20 423.37 through 423.42, and 423.47, consistent with the 10 21 provisions of this subchapter, apply with respect to the taxes 10 22 authorized under this subchapter, in the same manner and with 10 23 the same effect as if the local hotel and motel taxes were 10 24 retail sales taxes within the meaning of those statutes. 10 25 Notwithstanding this paragraph, the director shall provide for 10 26 quarterly filing of returns and for other than quarterly 10 27 filing of returns both as prescribed in section 423.31. 10 28 director may require all persons who are engaged in the 10 29 business of deriving any sales price subject to tax under this 10 30 subchapter to register with the department. All taxes 10 31 collected under this subchapter by a retailer or any

individual are deemed to be held in trust for the state of 10 33 Iowa and the local jurisdictions imposing the taxes. Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 385.9 LOCAL HOTEL AND MOTEL TAX

- 10 35 FUND == USE OF REVENUES.
 11 1 1. A local hotel and motel tax fund is created in the department which shall consist of all moneys credited to such fund under section 385.8.
 - All moneys in the local hotel and motel tax fund shall 5 be remitted at least quarterly by the department, pursuant to rules of the director of revenue, to each city imposing the tax in the amount collected from businesses in that city.
- Local hotel and motel revenues received by the city under this subchapter shall be deposited and used as provided 11 10 in subchapter VII.

SUBCHAPTER IV

LOCAL SALES AND SERVICES TAX

Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 385.10 LOCAL SALES AND SERVICES 11 14 TAX.

11 15 A pilot city may impose by ordinance a local sales and 11 16 services tax at the rate of one percent on the sales price 11 17 taxed by the state under chapter 423, subchapter II. A local 11 18 sales and services tax shall be imposed on the same basis as 11 19 the state sales and services tax or, in the case of the use of 11 20 natural gas, natural gas service, electricity, or electric

11 21 service, on the same basis as the state use tax. 11 22 sales and services tax shall not be imposed on the sale of any 11 23 property or on any service not taxed by the state, except the 11 24 tax shall not be imposed on the sales price from the sale of 11 25 motor fuel or special fuel as defined in chapter 452A which is 11 26 consumed for highway use or in watercraft or aircraft if the 11 27 fuel tax is paid on the transaction and a refund has not or 11 28 will not be allowed, on the sales price from the sale of 11 29 equipment by the state department of transportation, or on the 11 30 sales price from the sale or use of natural gas, natural gas 11 31 service, electricity, or electric service in a city where the 11 32 sales price from the sale of natural gas or electric energy is 11 33 subject to a franchise fee or user fee during the period the 34 franchise or user fee is imposed. A local sales and services 35 tax is applicable to transactions within the incorporated 11 11 12 1 areas of the city where it is imposed and shall be collected 2 by all persons required to collect state sales taxes.
3 The amount of the sale, for purposes of determining the
4 amount of the local sales and services tax, does not include 12 12

the amount of any state sales tax.

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A tax permit other than the state sales tax permit required under section 423.36 shall not be required by local authorities.

12 9 2. If a local sales and services tax is imposed by a city 12 10 pursuant to this subchapter, a local excise tax at the same 12 11 rate shall be imposed by the city on the purchase price of 12 12 natural gas, natural gas service, electricity, or electric 12 13 service subject to tax under chapter 423, subchapter III, and 12 14 not exempted from tax by any provision of chapter 423, 12 15 subchapter III. The local excise tax is applicable only to 12 16 the use of natural gas, natural gas service, electricity, or 12 17 electric service within the incorporated areas of the city 12 18 where it is imposed and, except as otherwise provided in this 12 19 subchapter, shall be collected and administered in the same 12 20 manner as the local sales and services tax. For purposes of 12 21 this subchapter, "local sales and services tax" shall also 12 22 include the local excise tax.

12 23 3. A local sales and services tax under this subchapter 12 24 shall not be imposed if a local sales and services tax under 12 25 chapter 423B is imposed in any area of the city.

- Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.11 ADMINISTRATION.

 1. a. A local sales and services tax shall be imposed 12 28 either January 1 or July 1 following the notification of the 12 29 director of revenue but not sooner than ninety days following 12 30 the passage of the ordinance and not sooner than sixty days 12 31 following notice to sellers, as defined in section 423.1.
- b. A local sales and services tax shall be repealed only 12 33 on June 30 or December 31 but not sooner than ninety days 12 34 following the repeal of the ordinance. However, a local sales 12 35 and services tax shall not be repealed before the tax has been in effect for one year. At least forty days before the imposition or repeal of the tax, a city shall provide notice 3 of the action by certified mail to the director of revenue.
- c. The imposition of a local sales and services tax shall 5 not be applied to purchases from a printed catalog wherein a 6 purchaser computes the local tax based on rates published in 7 the catalog unless a minimum of one hundred twenty days' 8 notice of the imposition or rate change has been given to the 9 seller from the catalog and the first day of a calendar 13 10 quarter has occurred on or after the one hundred twentieth 13 11 day.
- The director of revenue shall administer a local 13 13 sales and services tax as nearly as possible in conjunction 13 14 with the administration of state sales tax laws. The director 13 15 shall provide appropriate forms or provide space on the 13 16 regular state tax forms for reporting local sales and services 13 17 tax liability.
- 13 18 b. The ordinance of a city imposing a local sales and 13 19 services tax shall adopt by reference the applicable 13 20 provisions of the appropriate sections of chapter 423. 13 21 powers and requirements of the director to administer the 13 22 state sales tax law and use tax law are applicable to the 13 23 administration of a local sales and services tax law and the 13 24 local excise tax, including but not limited to the provisions 13 25 of section 422.25, subsection 4, sections 422.30, 422.67, and 13 26 422.68, section 422.69, subsection 1, sections 422.70 to 13 27 422.75, section 423.14, subsection 1 and subsection 2, 13 28 paragraphs "b" through "e", and sections 423.15, 423.23, 13 29 423.24, 423.25, 423.31 to 423.35, 423.37 to 423.42, 423.46, 13 30 and 423.47. Local officials shall confer with the director of

13 31 revenue for assistance in drafting the ordinance imposing a

13 32 local sales and services tax. A certified copy of the 13 33 ordinance shall be filed with the director as soon as possible 13 34 after passage. 13 35 c. Frequen

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35 c. Frequency of deposits and quarterly reports of a local 1 sales and services tax with the department of revenue are 2 governed by the tax provisions in section 423.31. Local tax collections shall not be included in computation of the total tax to determine frequency of filing under section 423.31.

d. The director shall apply a boundary change of a city imposing or collecting the local sales and services tax to the imposition or collection of that tax only on the first day of 8 a calendar quarter which occurs sixty days or more after the 9 director has given notice of the boundary change to sellers.

3. a. The director, in consultation with local officials, shall collect and account for a local sales and services tax. 14 11 14 12 The director shall certify each quarter the amount of local 14 13 sales and services tax receipts and any interest and penalties 14 14 to be credited to a local sales and services tax fund of that 14 15 city established in the office of the treasurer of state. All 14 16 taxes collected under this subchapter by a retailer or any 14 17 individual are deemed to be held in trust for the state of 14 18 Iowa and the local jurisdictions imposing the taxes.

b. All local tax moneys and interest and penalties 14 20 received or refunded one hundred eighty days or more after the 14 21 date on which the city repeals its local sales and services 14 22 tax shall be deposited in or withdrawn from the general fund 14 23 of the state.

Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 385.12 PAYMENT TO THE CITY == USE 14 25 OF RECEIPTS.

1. The director shall credit the local sales and services 14 27 tax receipts and interest and penalties from a city=imposed 14 28 tax to the city's local sales and services tax fund.

2. a. The director of revenue by August 15 of each fiscal 14 30 year shall send to the city where the local option tax is 14 31 imposed an estimate of the amount of tax moneys the city will 14 32 receive for the year and for each month of the year. At the 14 33 end of each month, the director may revise the estimates for

14 34 the year and remaining months. 14 35 b. The director of revenue shall remit ninety=five percent of the estimated tax receipts for the city to the city on or before August 31 of the fiscal year and on or before the last day of each following month.

c. The director of revenue shall remit a final payment of the remainder of tax moneys due the city for the fiscal year before November 10 of the next fiscal year. If an overpayment has resulted during the previous fiscal year, the November payment shall be adjusted to reflect any overpayment.

3. Local sales and services tax revenues received by the 15 10 city under this subchapter shall be deposited and used as 15 11 provided in subchapter VII.

15 12 Sec. 15 13 REFUNDS Sec. 16. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.13 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR

- 15 14 1. Construction contractors may make application to the 15 15 department for a refund of the additional local sales and 15 16 services tax paid under this subchapter by reason of taxes 15 17 paid on goods, wares, or merchandise under the following 15 18 conditions:
- 15 19 a. The goods, wares, or merchandise are incorporated into 15 20 an improvement to real estate in fulfillment of a written 15 21 contract fully executed prior to the date of the imposition of 15 22 a local sales and services tax under this subchapter. 15 23 refund shall not apply to equipment transferred in fulfillment 15 24 of a mixed construction contract.
- The contractor has paid to the department or to a h. 15 26 retailer the full amount of the state and local tax.
- c. The claim is filed on forms provided by the department 15 28 and is filed within one year of the date the tax is paid.
- 2. The department shall pay the refund from the city's 15 30 local sales and services tax fund.
- A contractor who makes an erroneous application for 15 32 refund shall be liable for payment of the excess refund paid 15 33 plus interest at the rate in effect under section 421.7. 15 34 addition, a contractor who willfully makes a false application 15 35 for refund is guilty of a simple misdemeanor and is liable for a penalty equal to fifty percent of the excess refund claimed. Excess refunds, penalties, and interest due under this 3 subsection may be enforced and collected in the same manner as the local sales and services tax imposed under this 5 subchapter.

NEW SECTION. 385.14 LOCAL CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO 16 Sec. 17. 16 9 PRODUCTS TAX.

- 16 10 1. A pilot city may impose by ordinance a local cigarette 16 11 and tobacco products tax pursuant to this subchapter. The tax 16 12 shall be imposed at a rate specified in increments of one or 16 13 more full percentage points upon the sales price of cigarettes 16 14 and tobacco products sold at retail locations in the city. The tax shall be imposed on the same basis as the state sales 16 15 16 16 tax under chapter 423, subchapter II, and shall not be imposed on the sale of any cigarettes or tobacco products not taxed by 16 17 16 18 the state.
- 2. a. A local cigarette and tobacco products tax shall be 16 20 imposed or the rate changed either January 1 or July 1 16 21 following the notification of the director of revenue but not 16 22 sooner than ninety days following the passage of the ordinance 16 23 imposing or changing the rate of the tax and not sooner than 16 24 sixty days following notice to sellers, as defined in section 16 25 423.1.
- A local cigarette and tobacco products tax shall be 16 27 repealed only on June 30 or December 31 but not sooner than 16 28 ninety days following repeal of the ordinance. However, the 16 29 tax shall not be repealed before the tax has been in effect 16 30 for one year. At least forty days before the imposition or 16 31 repeal of the tax, a city shall provide notice of the action 16 32 by certified mail to the director of revenue.
- 3. The local cigarette and tobacco products tax shall be 16 34 in addition to any local sales and services tax that may be 16 35 imposed pursuant to subchapter IV or chapter 423B.
 - 4. For purposes of this subchapter:

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- "Cigarette" means the same as defined in section 453A.1.
- "Tobacco products" means the same as defined in section b. 453A.42.
- Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.15 ADMINISTRATION. 1. a. The director of revenue shall administer a local 8 cigarette and tobacco products tax as nearly as possible in conjunction with the administration of state sales tax laws. 17 10 The director shall provide appropriate forms or provide space 17 11 on the regular state tax forms for reporting local cigarette 17 12 and tobacco products tax liability.
- 17 13 b. The ordinance of a city imposing a local cigarette and 17 14 tobacco products tax shall adopt by reference the applicable 17 15 provisions of the appropriate sections of chapter 423. 17 16 powers and requirements of the director to administer the 17 17 state sales tax law are applicable to the administration of a 17 18 local cigarette and tobacco products tax law including but not 17 19 limited to the provisions of section 422.25, subsection 4, 17 20 sections 422.30, 422.67, and 422.68, section 422.69, 17 21 subsection 1, sections 422.70 to 422.75, section 423.14, 17 22 subsection 1, sections 422.70 to 422.75, section 423.14, 17 22 subsection 1 and subsection 2, paragraphs "b" through "e", and 17 23 sections 423.15, 423.23, 423.24, 423.25, 423.31 to 423.35, 17 24 423.37 to 423.42, 423.46, and 423.47. Local officials shall 17 25 confer with the director of revenue for assistance in drafting 17 26 the ordinance imposing the tax. A certified copy of the 17 27 ordinance shall be filed with the director as soon as possible 17 28 after passage.
- Frequency of deposits and quarterly reports of the 17 30 local tax with the department of revenue are governed by the 17 31 tax provisions in section 423.31. Local tax collections shall 17 32 not be included in computation of the total tax to determine
- 17 33 frequency of filing under section 423.31.
 17 34 d. The director shall apply a boundary change of a city
 17 35 imposing or collecting the local tax to the imposition or collection of that tax only on the first day of a calendar quarter which occurs sixty days or more after the director has 3 given notice of the boundary change to sellers.
- 2. a. The director, in consultation with local officials, shall collect and account for the local tax. The director shall certify each quarter the amount of local cigarette and tobacco products tax receipts and any interest and penalties 8 to be credited to the local cigarette and tobacco products tax fund established in the office of the treasurer of state. All 18 10 taxes collected under this subchapter by a retailer or any 18 11 individual are deemed to be held in trust for the state of 18 12 Iowa and the local jurisdiction imposing the tax.
 b. All local tax moneys and interest and penalties
- 18 13 18 14 received or refunded one hundred eighty days or more after the 18 15 date on which the city repeals its local cigarette and tobacco 18 16 products tax shall be deposited in or withdrawn from the 18 17 general fund of the state.
 - Sec. 19. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.16 PAYMENT TO THE CITY == USE

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18 20 1. All moneys in the city's local cigarette and tobacco 18 21 products tax fund shall be remitted at least quarterly by the 18 22 department of revenue, pursuant to rules of the director of 18 23 revenue, to the city.

18 24 2. Local cigarette and tobacco products tax revenues 18 25 received by the city under this subchapter shall be deposited 18 26 and used as provided in subchapter VII.

SUBCHAPTER VI POLICE AND FIRE SERVICE CHARGE

Sec. 20. NEW SECTION. 385.17 POLICE AND FIRE PROTECTION 18 30 SERVICE CHARGE IN LIEU OF TAXES.

18 31 1. A pilot city may assess a service charge for the 18 32 providing of police and fire protection in a fiscal year for 18 33 real property that is totally or partially tax=exempt, 18 34 including government=owned real property, and property under 35 section 427.1, subsection 8, of nonprofit literary, 1 scientific, charitable, benevolent, agricultural, and 2 religious institutions and societies used solely for their 3 appropriate objects. However, those portions of real property 4 owned by a religious institution or organization which are 5 used exclusively for worship shall not be assessed the service 6 charge. The amount of the service charge shall not exceed the 7 rate determined under subsection 2 times the amount of the 8 assessed value of the real property that is not subject to the 9 city's property tax levy in the fiscal year. Service charges 19 10 are payable at the time and in the same manner as property 19 11 taxes are paid.

19 12 2. The maximum rate of the service charge, expressed in 19 13 dollars per one thousand dollars of assessed valuation, for 19 14 providing police and fire protection equals the portion of the 19 15 property tax levy rate for the city pursuant to sections 384.1 19 16 and 384.6, as certified by the city, which is budgeted to 19 17 support police and fire protection services. 19 18

3. a. If real property assessed a service charge under 19 19 subsection 1 for a fiscal year is subsequently subject to 19 20 property tax on the assessed value upon which the service 19 21 charge was determined, the amount of the property tax shall be 19 22 reduced by the amount of any service charge paid.

b. If a city receives payment in lieu of property taxes or 19 24 reimbursement for property taxes as a result of a tax 19 25 exemption, the amount of such payment or reimbursement shall 19 26 be a credit on the service charge assessed on that real 19 27 property.

19 28 4. For purposes of this section, real property subject to 19 29 the service charge under subsection 1 shall be valued and 19 30 assessed as required in section 427.1, subsection 18, and in 31 accordance with chapter 441, and the owner or other persons as 19 32 authorized by chapter 441 are entitled to protest any 19 33 assessment and take appeals in the same manner as any property 19 34 owner or taxpayer.

5. Service charges collected under this subchapter shall be deposited and used as provided in subchapter VII. SUBCHAPTER VII

USE OF REVENUES

Sec. 21. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.18 USE OF REVENUES.

- 1. All revenues collected as a result of the alternative revenue sources authorized under this chapter shall be deposited into a property tax relief fund of the city and shall be expended for property tax relief as follows:
- 20 9 a. Seventy percent shall be used to provide property tax 20 10 relief for commercial and industrial property as provided in 20 11 subsection 2, paragraph "a".
- Thirty percent shall be used to provide property tax b. Thirty percent shall be used to provide relief for all taxable property, including commercial and industrial property, as provided in subsection 2, paragraph 20 13 20 14
 - 2. Moneys in the property tax relief fund as of June 1 of each year shall provide property tax credits for taxes payable in the following fiscal year as follows:
- a. The county treasurer shall determine the tax credit for taxable commercial and industrial property in the city as 20 21 follows:
- (1) Determine the amount in the property tax relief fund 20 23 as of June 1 of each year that is to provide property tax 20 24 credits for commercial and industrial property.
- 20 25 (2) Divide the amount determined under subparagraph (1) by 20 26 the total of the taxable value of all commercial and 20 27 industrial property in the city.
- (3) Calculate the amount of tax credit for each taxable 20 29 parcel of commercial and industrial property by multiplying

20 30 the amount calculated under subparagraph (2) by the taxable 20 31 value of that parcel.

- 20 32 b. The county treasurer shall determine the tax credit for 20 33 all taxable property in the city, including taxable commercial 20 34 and industrial property, as follows:
 - (1) Determine the amount in the property tax relief fund as of June 1 of each year that is to provide property tax credits for all taxable property.
 - (2) Divide the amount determined under subparagraph (1) by 4 the total of the taxable value of all taxable property in the city.
 - (3) Calculate the amount of tax credit for each taxable parcel of property by multiplying the amount calculated under subparagraph (2) by the taxable value of that parcel.

SUBCHAPTER VIII REPEAL

Sec. 22. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 385.19 REPEAL. This chapter is repealed July 1, 2015.

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being 21 14 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment. DIVISION III

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Sec. 24. Section 15.291, Code 2007, is amended to read as 21 18 follows:

15.291 DEFINITIONS.

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As used in this part, unless the context otherwise 21 21 requires:

21 22 1. "Brownfield site" means an abandoned, idled, o 21 23 underutilized industrial or commercial facility where 21 24 expansion or redevelopment is complicated by real or perceived 21 25 environmental contamination. A brownfield site includes 21 26 property contiguous with the property on which the individual 21 27 or commercial facility is located. A brownfield site shall 21 28 does not include property which has been placed, or is 21 29 proposed to be included for placement, on the national 21 30 priorities list established pursuant to the federal 21 31 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 21 32 Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. } 9601 et seq.
21 33 2. "Council" means the brownfield redevelopment advisory

- 34 council established in section 15.294.
 35 3. "Grayfield site" means a property that has been
 1 developed and has infrastructure in place but whose current 21 34 cc 21 35 22 1 dc 22 2 uc 22 3 tl 22 4 oc 22 5 pc 22 6 22 7 sc 22 8 pc 22 10 bc 22 11 dc 22 11 dc 22 12 dc 22 11 dc 22 12 dc 22 15 pc 22 15 pc 22 10 bc 22 11 dc 22 12 dc 22 15 pc 22 pc 2 use is outdated or prevents a better or more efficient use of 3 the property. Grayfield site includes vacant, blighted, 4 obsolete, or otherwise underutilized industrial or commercial 5 property.
 - 4. "Green development" means a brownfield or grayfield 7 site which has been redeveloped or improved such that the 8 property meets the voluntary performance standards for new 9 construction or existing buildings of the United States green 10 building council's leadership in energy and environmental 11 design green building rating system.
 - 5. "Qualifying investment" means the purchase price, the 13 cleanup costs, and the redevelopment costs directly related to 14 a qualifying redevelopment project.
- 6. "Qualifying redevelopment project" means a brownfield 16 or a grayfield site being redeveloped or improved by the 17 property owner. Qualifying redevelopment project does not 18 include a previously remediated or redeveloped brownfield
- 22 20 2. "Sponsorship" means an agreement between a city or 22 21 county and an applicant for assistance under the brownfield 22 22 redevelopment program where the city or county agrees to offer
- 22 23 assistance or guidance to the applicant. 22 24 Sec. 25. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 15.293A REDE Sec. 25. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 15.293A REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDITS. 1. a. A redevelopment tax credit shall be allowed against 22 26 the taxes imposed in chapter 422, divisions II, III, and V,

22 27 and in chapter 432, and against the moneys and credits tax 22 28 imposed in section 533.329, for a portion of a taxpayer's 22 29 equity investment, as provided in subsection 2, in a

22 30 qualifying redevelopment project.

- 22 31 b. An individual may claim a tax credit under this 22 32 subsection of a partnership, limited liability company, S 22 33 corporation, estate, or trust electing to have income taxed 22 34 directly to the individual. The amount claimed by the 22 35 individual shall be based upon the pro rata share of the 23 1 individual's earnings from the partnership, limited liability 23
 - 2 company, S corporation, estate, or trust.
 3 c. Any tax credit in excess of the taxpayer's liability 4 for the tax year is not refundable but may be credited to the 5 tax liability for the following five years or until depleted,

23 6 whichever is earlier. A tax credit shall not be carried back to a tax year prior to the tax year in which the taxpayer 23 23 8 first receives the tax credit.

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2. The amount of the tax credit shall equal one of the 23 10 following:

a. Twenty percent of the taxpayer's qualifying investment 23 12 in a grayfield site.

b. Twenty=five percent of the taxpayer's qualifying 23 14 investment in a grayfield site if the qualifying redevelopment 23 15 project meets the requirements of a green development.

c. Forty percent of the taxpayer's qualifying investment in a brownfield site. 23 17

d. Fifty percent of the taxpayer's qualifying investment 23 19 in a brownfield site if the qualifying redevelopment project 23 20 meets the requirements of a green development.

For purposes of individual and corporate income taxes 23 22 and the franchise tax, the increase in the basis of the 23 23 redeveloped property that would otherwise result from the 23 24 qualified redevelopment costs shall be reduced by the amount 23 25 of the credit computed under this part.

The maximum amount of a tax credit for a qualifying 4. 23 27 investment in any one qualifying redevelopment project shall 23 28 not exceed twenty percent of the maximum amount of tax credits 23 29 available in any one fiscal year pursuant to subsection 5.
23 30 5. For tax years beginning in the 2009 calendar year, the

- 23 31 maximum amount of tax credits issued by the department shall 23 32 not exceed three million dollars. For tax years beginning in 23 33 the 2010 calendar year, the maximum amount of tax credits 23 34 issued by the department shall not exceed six million dollars. 23 35 For tax years beginning in the 2011 calendar year, and for tax years beginning in subsequent calendar years, the maximum 2 amount of tax credits issued by the department shall not 3 exceed ten million dollars.
 - 6. An investment shall be deemed to have been made on the date the qualifying redevelopment project is completed. An investment made prior to January 1, 2009, shall not qualify
- for a tax credit under this part.
 7. The department shall develop a system for registration 9 and authorization of tax credits authorized pursuant to this 24 10 part and shall control distribution of all tax credits 24 11 distributed to investors pursuant to this part.
- The department shall develop rules for the 24 13 qualification of qualifying redevelopment projects and 24 14 qualifying investments. The department of revenue shall adopt 24 15 these criteria as administrative rules and shall adopt any 24 16 other rules pursuant to chapter 17A necessary for the 24 17 administration of this part.
- 24 18 9. The department may cooperate with the department of 24 19 natural resources and local governments in an effort to 24 20 disseminate information regarding the availability of tax 24 21 credits for investments in qualifying redevelopment projects 24 22 under this part.
- Sec. 26. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 15.293B APPROVAL == REQUIREMENTS $24 \ 24 == REPAYMENT.$
- 1. An investor seeking to claim a tax credit pursuant to 24 26 section 15.293A shall apply to the council which shall have the power to approve the amount of tax credit available for 24 28 24 29 each qualifying redevelopment project.
- 2. An investor applying for a tax credit shall provide the 24 30 council with all of the following:
- a. Information showing the total costs of the qualifying redevelopment project, including the costs of land 24 32 acquisition, cleanup, and redevelopment. 24 33
- Information about the financing sources of the investment which are directly related to the qualifying redevelopment project for which the taxpayer is seeking 24 35 approval for a tax credit, as provided in section 15.293A.
 - 3. If a taxpayer receives a tax credit pursuant to section 15.293A, but fails to comply with any of the requirements, the taxpayer loses any right to the tax credit, and the department of revenue shall seek recovery of the value of the credit 6 received.
 - Sec. 27. Section 15.294, Code 2007, is amended by adding 9 the following new subsection:

25 10 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 4. The council shall consider 25 11 applications for redevelopment tax credits as described in 25 12 sections 15.293A and 15.293B, and the council may approve the 25 13 amount of such tax credits for qualifying investments in 25 14 qualifying redevelopment projects.

Sec. 28. Section 15.329, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 25 15 25 16 2007, is amended to read as follows:

25 18 has not closed or substantially reduced its operation in one 25 19 area of the state community and relocated substantially the 25 20 same operation in the another community. A business is not eligible to receive incentives under this part if it is 25 22 closing, or has closed, or is reducing, or has reduced, its 25 23 operations in one city or county and is relocating, or has 25 24 relocated, substantially the same operation to any other city 25 23 operations in one city or county.

25 24 relocated, substantially the same operation to any other crowns.

25 25 or county. This subsection does not prohibit a business from 25 26 expanding its operation in the community if existing 25 27 operations of a similar nature in the state are not closed or 25 29 Sec. 29. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 422.11V REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT. 25 30 The taxes imposed under this division, less the credits 25 31 allowed under section 422.12, shall be reduced by a 25 32 redevelopment tax credit allowed under chapter $1\bar{5}$, part 9. 25 33 Sec. 30. Section 422.33, code Suppl. 25 34 by adding the following new subsection:

The taxes impo Sec. 30. Section 422.33, Code Supplement 2007, is amended 25 35 NEW SUBSECTION. 25. The taxes imposed under this division shall be reduced by a redevelopment tax credit allowed under 26 chapter 15, part 9. Sec. 31. Section 422.60, Code Supplement 2007, is amended 26 2.6 by adding the following new subsection: 26 4 NEW SUBSECTION. 15. The taxes imposed under this division shall be reduced by a redevelopment tax credit allowed under 26 26 6 26 7 chapter 15, part 9. Sec. 32. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 432.12L REDEVELOPMENT TAX CREDIT. The taxes imposed under this chapter shall be reduced by a 8 2.6 26 26 10 redevelopment tax credit allowed under chapter 15, part 9. Sec. 33. Section 533.329, subsection 2, Code Supplement 26 11 2007, is amended by adding the following new paragraph: 26 12 26 13 NEW PARAGRAPH. n. The moneys and credits tax imposed 26 14 under this section shall be reduced by a redevelopment tax 26 15 credit allowed under chapter 15, part 9. 26 16 Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE AND RETROACTIVE A Sec. 34. EFFECTIVE AND RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY DATES. This division of this Act takes effect January 1, 2009, for 26 17 26 18 tax years beginning on or after that date. 26 19 EXPLANATION 26 20 This bill relates to revenue sources for cities as an 26 21 alternative to property tax by authorizing a maximum 26 22 percentage rate that may be assessed as a franchise fee and 26 23 requiring use of a portion of the franchise fees collected to 26 24 provide property tax relief and by establishing a pilot 26 25 program whereby cities that complete efficient growth planning 26 26 may utilize alternative revenue sources and by requiring a 26 27 pilot project city to provide property tax relief measures 26 28 using the alternative revenues collected and providing tax 26 29 credits for the redevelopment of underutilized properties. 26 30 CITY FRANCHISE FEES. This division provides that the 26 31 amount of a city franchise fee may be based upon a percentage 26 32 of gross revenues generated from sales of the franchisee 26 33 within the city not to exceed 5 percent without regard to the 26 34 city's cost of regulating the franchise. The bill allows 26 35 franchise fees collected by the city to be credited to the 27 1 city general fund and used for city general fund purposes. 27 2 However, at least 20 percent of the fees collected are to be 3 used for property tax relief. 27 27 The division requires a city to prepare a revenue purpose 2.7 5 statement before the city adopts or amends a franchise fee 27 6 rate ordinance or a franchise ordinance to increase the 27 7 percentage rate of franchise fees assessed. The division 27 8 requires the revenue purpose statement to specify how the 27 9 increase in franchise fees will be expended, including 27 10 information on the amount of additional property tax relief 27 11 that will be provided if property tax relief is listed as a 27 12 purpose. The division also requires each revenue purpose 27 13 statement to be published in a newspaper of general 27 14 circulation in the city before official action is taken on the 27 15 fee rate increase. 27 16 This division takes effect upon enactment. 27 17 EFFICIENT GROWTH == ALTERNATIVE REVENUE SOURCES. This 27 18 division authorizes certain pilot cities that adopt a plan for 27 19 efficient growth to impose or assess fees or taxes as an 27 20 alternative to property taxes. The division creates a new 27 21 Code chapter 385 separated into subchapters as follows: Subchapter I requires a city to adopt an efficient growth 27 22 27 23 plan before it is authorized to impose the taxes and fees 27 24 specified in the other subchapters. The number of pilot 27 25 cities that are authorized to impose these taxes and fees is

27 26 limited to 10. However, contiguous cities may adopt a joint 27 27 plan and would then be counted as one pilot city. Of the

The business, or the business's successors or assigns,

27 28 number of pilot cities designated, at least one city with a 27 29 population of less than 10,000 and at least one city with a 27 30 population between 10,000 and 35,000 shall be designated pilot 27 31 cities. The plan must at least contain an issues and 27 32 opportunities element, a housing element, a transportation 27 33 element, a utilities and community facilities element, an 34 agricultural, natural, and cultural resources element, an 27 2.7 35 economic development element, an intergovernmental cooperation element, a land use element, and an implementation element. 28 28

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These elements generally contain a compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs with regard to the element. The issues and opportunities element provides the background information and a statement of the overall objectives, policies, goals, and programs of the city to guide its future development.

The adopted plan becomes part of the city's comprehensive 28 9 plan. The adopted plan is required to be filed with the city 28 10 clerk and city development board for public view. The city 28 11 development board upon receipt of the plan shall notify the 28 12 departments of management and revenue.

28 13 Subchapter II authorizes the city to assess an additional 28 14 franchise fee of up to 3 percent of the gross revenues 28 15 generated from sales of the franchisee.

Subchapter III authorizes the imposition of a local hotel 28 17 and motel tax at the maximum rate of 2 percent on the renting 28 18 of rooms, apartments, or sleeping quarters in a hotel, motel, 28 19 inn, public lodging house, rooming house, or manufactured or 28 20 mobile home or in any other place where sleeping 28 21 accommodations are furnished to transient guests for a period 28 22 of 31 days or less. The tax is not imposed on renting of 28 23 sleeping rooms in dorms or memorial unions at universities or 28 24 colleges in the state or to guests of a religious institution 28 25 whose property is exempt from property tax. The tax is 28 26 collected in the same manner as the state sales tax.
28 27 is in addition to any other local hotel and motel tax.

Subchapter IV authorizes a city that has not imposed a 28 29 local option sales and services tax under Code chapter 423B to 28 30 impose a 1 percent local sales and services tax on the same 28 31 basis as the state sales tax or in the case of the use of 28 32 natural gas, natural gas service, electricity, or electricity 28 33 service on the same basis as the state use tax. The local tax 34 shall not be imposed on items exempt from the state sales tax. 28 35 If the city assesses a franchise fee or user fee on the sale 1 or use of natural gas, natural gas service, electricity, or 2 electric service, the local tax is not imposed on the sale or 3 use during the period the franchise or user fee is assessed. 4 Retailers shall collect the tax in the same manner as the state sales tax is collected and shall remit the revenues to 6 the department of revenue. The director of revenue shall annually provide an estimate on the amount of revenues that 8 will be collected during the fiscal year and shall remit 9 payments to the city monthly during that fiscal year based on 29 10 the estimate. Provision is made for contractors to receive a 29 11 refund of the local tax imposed for contracts that were fully 29 12 executed prior to the date of imposition of the local tax.

Subchapter V authorizes the city to impose a local 29 13 29 14 cigarette and tobacco products tax on the sale of cigarettes 29 15 and tobacco products sold at retail locations in the city.
29 16 The rate of the tax is not limited and shall be specified in 29 17 increments of one or more full percentage points. The tax is 29 18 to be imposed on the same basis as the state sales tax and 29 19 shall be administered by the director of revenue. Revenues 29 20 collected are to be remitted at least quarterly to the city.

Subchapter VI authorizes a city to assess a service charge 29 22 for the providing of police and fire protection services to 29 23 real property that is totally or partially exempt from 29 24 taxation, including government=owned real property and 29 25 property of nonprofit literary, scientific, charitable, 29 26 benevolent, agricultural, and religious institutions and 29 27 societies. That portion of church=owned property that is used 29 28 solely for religious worship is exempt from the service 29 29 charge. The amount of the charge is determined by multiplying 29 30 the assessed value of the real property that is not subject to 29 31 property tax by an amount not to exceed the portion of the 29 32 property tax levy rate for the city as certified by the city 29 33 under Code sections 384.1 and 384.6 which will be used to fund 29 34 police and fire protection.

Subchapter VII sets out how revenues collected in subchapters II through VI shall be used to provide property 29 35 30 30 2 tax relief. The subchapter requires all of the revenues 3 received by the city to be deposited into a property tax

4 relief fund for purposes of providing property tax credits. 30 From the property tax relief fund, 70 percent of the moneys 30 30 6 are to be used to provide property tax relief for commercial 7 and industrial property by means of granting a property tax 8 credit to each parcel of such property based upon the taxable 30 30 30 9 valuation of that parcel. The remaining 30 percent is to be 30 10 used to provide property tax relief for all taxable property, 30 11 including commercial and industrial property, by means of 30 12 granting a property tax credit to each parcel of such property 30 13 based upon the taxable valuation of that parcel. 30 14 Subchapter VIII provides for the repeal of new Code chapter 30 15 385 on July 1, 2015. This division takes effect upon enactment. 30 16 30 17 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS. This division relates to 30 18 the redevelopment of underused industrial and commercial

30 19 properties, the use or development of which is sometimes 30 20 complicated by real or perceived contamination or by a lack of 30 21 an economic incentive to redevelop. These properties are 30 22 often referred to as "brownfield" or "grayfield" sites. 30 23 The division creates a two=tiered system of tax credits for

30 24 these sites. An investor who redevelops a grayfield site is 30 25 eligible for a tax credit in an amount equal to 20 percent of 30 26 that investor's qualifying investment. An investor in a 30 27 brownfield site is eligible for a tax credit for an amount 30 28 equal to 40 percent. If the investor redevelops the property 30 29 to meet the standards of certain "green" development 30 30 certification programs, additional tax credits are available. 30 31 Brownfield sites meeting the green development standards are 30 32 eligible for an additional 10 percent tax credit and grayfield 30 33 sites are eligible for an additional 5 percent.

30 34 The division limits the amount of tax credits available. 30 35 For tax years beginning in the 2009 calendar year, the limit 1 is \$3 million. For tax years beginning in the 2010 calendar year, the limit is \$6 million. For tax years beginning in the 3 2011 calendar year, and for tax years beginning in subsequent 4 calendar years, the limit is \$10 million.

The division authorizes the department of economic 6 development to adopt rules for the issuance of tax credits and provides that the brownfield redevelopment advisory council 8 approve the amount of each tax credit issued.

Finally, the division clarifies the meaning of eligible 31 10 business in Code section 15.329 which defines which businesses 31 11 are eligible for incentives under the high quality job 31 12 creation Act.

31 13 The division takes effect January 1, 2009, for tax years 31 14 beginning on or after that date.

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